

## SENATE SCENES.

## SWEARING IN THE NEW SENATORS.

The President notified of the organization—Mr. Edmunds' Resolution—Causes of Senators of Both Parties—Nothing Definite Yet Determined Upon.

Immediately after the reading of the Journal yesterday Mr. Edmunds, rising to a question of the highest privilege, moved that the oath of office be administered to Nelson W. Aldrich, Senator-elect from the State of Rhode Island. There being no objection, the motion was agreed to, and Mr. Aldrich sworn in.

Mr. Edmunds then made a similar motion in the case of the Senators-elect from New York. Mr. Edmunds introduced and read the oath of office, and after the reading of the oath he held in his hands a communication from certain members of the New York Legislature, alleging certain reasons why Messrs. Fenton and Tamm should not be sworn in. The motion was then made to delay action on the administration of the oath. Mr. Edmunds moved to the appropriate committee.

Mr. Edmunds said that as the petition referred to the propriety of swearing in the new Senators from New York he would not object to the receipt of the petition at the present time. The petition was read and laid upon the table, and the oath of office administered to the Senators from New York.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Pendleton and Tamm was appointed to consider the petition and to wait upon the President and inform him that the Senate was ready to receive any communication he might please to send to them.

Then, at a quarter of seven p. m., the Senate recessed for half an hour.

After the recess Mr. Edmunds offered a resolution declaring that the standing committees of the Senate as they were constituted at the close of the last session of the Senate should continue in the present session, and authorizing the President pro tempore to fill any vacancies which may exist therein.

Mr. Harris asked that the resolution lie over for action under the rule. So ordered.

The committee appointed to wait upon the President reported that it had performed its duty, and that the President had stated that he would communicate in writing to the Senate to-day.

The Senate then (at 12:30) adjourned.

There was a marked lessening of the interest taken by the public in yesterday's senatorial proceedings, compared with the day before. The galleries were not more than half filled, and the Senators had the floor of the Chamber almost entirely to themselves. It was generally believed that affairs for the day would be quiet, and that the highest privilege would be the reading in and seating of the three Senators-elect. No opposition was made on the part of the Democrats, and the ceremony of administering the oath proceeded.

SENATOR ALDRICH WAS THE FIRST ONE sworn. He was sponsored by his colleague, Senator Anthony, who for so many years played Pythias to Senator Burdette's Damon, and his appearance was warmly welcomed by his colleagues, who warmly welcomed him as one of their own.

Mr. Aldrich was sworn in without a hitch, but when Miller was about to take the oath a slight stir was observable on the Democratic side, and Mr. Edmunds, of New Jersey, was seen to rise to his feet, and to begin to speak. He had a paper in his hand, which proved to be a petition from certain members of the New York Legislature, complaining of the action of the Senate in electing Mr. Miller, and to place it on file for reference to the proper committee. The petition, which is signed by ten Democrats, charges Mr. Miller with having been elected by bribery, and at the proper time, bribery, and an immoral character. This petition being placed on file, the swearing in of Mr. Miller proceeded.

After the swearing in of Mr. Miller, the Senate adjourned for half an hour in order that the duty, unprecedentedly neglected the day before, of notifying the President of the organization might be attended to. During the adjournment the galleries rapidly thinned out, until not more than a couple of hundred spectators were present. On the expiration of the recess Senator Edmunds offered a resolution that the standing committees of the Senate during the special session as at present constituted, the President pro tempore to fill any vacancies. This was intended to cover the vacancies in the standing committees of the Senate, and to prevent the President from appointing new members. The Democrats, however, with a haste that would appear to indicate their fear of being caught napping, objected to the consideration of the resolution, which sent it over for a day under the rules. Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, was the first one on his feet to interpose an objection, but half a dozen others followed him, and the resolution was prevented from being considered. The committee sent to notify the President of the organization of the Senate returned at this time and reported that the President would attend to-day, whereupon the Senate adjourned until to-day at noon.

AFTER THE ADJOURNMENT a call was circulated among the Democrats for a caucus. It was held at the residence of the President on Revolutionary Claims and lasted about an hour and a half. The Edmunds resolution, which was formally a bombshell in the Democratic camp, was discussed, and the probability of his consenting to be the Republican nominee for President pro tempore, came in for a large share of attention. The opinion seemed to prevail that electing the President pro tempore, they were entitled to a share at least of the committee, and, in order to express this view on the other side, a committee consisting of Messrs. Pendleton, Davis, and Butler were appointed.

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THEY WILL HOLD A CAUCUS at eleven o'clock this morning to consider the question of electing a President pro tempore. The President has been elected, and the question of electing a President pro tempore is now before the Senate. A majority of the Republicans favor this move. One Western Senator said to a Republican representative last night that he would feel safe with Mr. Davis, of Illinois, leading the office, as there would not then be such a standing premium for the commission of an overt act against the administration.

THE NEW YORK REPUBLICANS. NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The Republican State Committee was in session at the Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning. The proceedings were conducted with close doors.

An informal conference was held by the stalwart wing in another room previous to the assembling of the State committee. They decided not to present any resolutions, and to give their hearty support to the State ticket. The following were appointed an executive committee: Albert Taggart, DeWitt C. Platt, William H. Robertson, John Smyth, James S. Smart, Martin L. Stover, George W. Ray, James D. Warren, Charles P. Ingels, and Fred R. Tompkins. Mr. Curtis, of St. Lawrence, was elected treasurer, and Messrs. Vrooman and Wood secretaries. The executive committee went into session, and after a brief conference adjourned to meet to-morrow day. The question of reorganization was next touched upon.

A Big Failure in Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 11.—The firm of Washington Butcher's Sons, pork packers of Philadelphia, failed yesterday afternoon, and it is said that their liabilities will amount to \$1,000,000. "If all our assets were active," said one of the firm, "we would be able to pay one hundred cents in the dollar. It is not that we are unable to pay, but that we are unable to get our assets to work."

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## NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

## The Tammany Delegation to Be Sent Down On Very Hard.

ALBANY, Oct. 11.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order at 1:30 p. m., at Tweed Hall, by General Fairbank. He, at once called the attention of the committee on the Hill as temporary chairman, and there being no objection Mr. Hill was escorted to the platform. He read from manuscript a short address on taking the chair, in which he said it was his first duty to adjust all questions affecting the right to representation in this convention, and it is to be hoped that they will be arranged so satisfactorily and thoroughly and so plainly that they will be regarded as settled, not only for to-day, but for all the future.

THE FORECAST OF THE ACTION of the convention was received with lively applause, and the roll of the temporary secretaries the roll was called. Mr. Fairbank, at the request of the credentials of all contesting delegates was referred to the committee on credentials. The motion was carried over until the morning. The calling of the names of the county delegations was then proceeded with. At the name of General Bickles, Peter Mitchell offered in behalf of two candidates for the seat of General Bickles, and amid great protests and hisses, came down from the rear to the front of the hall and handed the credentials to the chairman. A call for three candidates for the seat of General Bickles and loudly given from the gallery. Then followed three cheers for Tammany Hall.

The names of Nelson J. Waterbury and John R. Follens were received with cheers, mingled with hisses. Mr. Nelson J. Waterbury presented the contests from the Fifteenth District. At the name of Hubert O. Thompson the convention broke into uproarious cheers, accompanied by some hisses. Mr. Thompson presented the contests from the Fifteenth District. At the name of Hubert O. Thompson the convention broke into uproarious cheers, accompanied by some hisses. Mr. Thompson presented the contests from the Fifteenth District.

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## OHIO-IOWA.

## FOSTER AND SHERMAN ELECTED.

The Two Republican States Stand Firm in the "Of Year"—Returns Up to an Early Hour This Morning Indicate the Result.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 11.—George K. Nash, chairman of the Republican State Committee, declines to claim anything yet, except that the Republicans have carried the State. He says the returns have not come in sufficiently to justify him in fixing the estimated majority. Mr. Nash, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, says the indications now are that Foster may be about eight thousand, and that the complexion of the Legislature will depend upon the result of the election. He says the returns have not come in sufficiently to justify him in fixing the estimated majority. Mr. Nash, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, says the indications now are that Foster may be about eight thousand, and that the complexion of the Legislature will depend upon the result of the election. He says the returns have not come in sufficiently to justify him in fixing the estimated majority.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 11.—There is small prospect of being able to give returns from Hamilton County to-night. At half-past ten not one precinct had been heard from in full, and only three or four had given reports to the head of the ticket. These all indicated a falling off in the total vote amounting to 15 or 20 per cent, with slight Republican gains. There is nothing whatever to be done at this hour to estimate the result on the county ticket, except that more scrubbing was done by Republicans than Democrats.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 11.—One hundred and sixty-six wards and precincts show a net Democratic gain of 223. There are 2,225 wards and precincts in the State. At this rate of gain Bookkeeper will gain in the State less than 4,000, which would leave Foster a majority of 15,000. The total vote of Foster is estimated at 15,000. The total vote of Nash is estimated at 15,000. The total vote of Nash is estimated at 15,000.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 11.—Forty-four townships show a net Democratic gain of 85 and a total temperance vote of 247. At the same rate the temperance vote will amount to about 10,000. Components of the returns are based on the election of October, 1880, for secretary of State. Some well-known Republicans and Democrats scratched voters.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 12.—At 1:30 a. m. 543 wards and precincts show a net Democratic gain of 1,130. This ratio throughout the entire State gives Foster a majority of 15,000. The total vote of Foster is estimated at 15,000. The total vote of Nash is estimated at 15,000.

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## PRESIDENT ARTHUR.

## Who Called Yesterday—The First Cabinet Meeting.

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## ORIOLE ECHOES.

## THE BIG PARADE IN BALTIMORE.

A Grand Parade Witnessed by Thousands of People of the Monument City and the District of Columbia—A Description of Some of the Pictures.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 11.—The procession of tableaux to-night was a scene of rare beauty and brilliancy. The entire city was thronged with spectators, and the streets were filled with people. The procession was a grand sight, and the people were in good spirits. The procession was a grand sight, and the people were in good spirits. The procession was a grand sight, and the people were in good spirits.

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